

Digging into God's Word



Luke



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Digging Into the Word

I am so glad you are taking time to dig into the Word of God. What an amazing opportunity we have to grow in our understanding of God Himself and learn about the life and sacrifice of Christ. I hope you enjoy taking time to go verse by verse and chapter by chapter. I pray that you will grow in your faith and experience the love of the Savior whose biggest desire is to have a relationship with you.

Acknowledgment

I would like to thank Bradie Peebles for designing the cover of this study. Her gifts and talents are greatly appreciated!

Sources

For all 'Bible Notes', I used my study Bible which is the ***Holman Christian Standard Bible***. All websites used are noted within the text for additional study resources.

God Bless!

Gospel of Luke

Bible Notes: Written by Luke, a gentile follower of Christ, between 59-63 AD. He was a physician who traveled with the apostle Paul. The text is addressed to Theophilus (Gk, “one who loves God”), but overall, this gospel is written with a Gentile-Christian audience predominantly in mind.

Chapter 1:

Vs. 1-4- Why do you think Luke opens with this information?

Vs. 5-7- Who is introduced?

Elizabeth was from the daughters of _____. Who was that and why is it mentioned?

(Read Exodus 4:10-17 and Exodus 28:1-3)

What is mentioned about her condition?

Vs. 8-9- Zechariah was serving as a _____. How was he chosen this day to burn incense in the sanctuary?

Fun Fact: (Bible Notes) There were approximately 18,000 priests in Israel at this time, so was a once-in-a-lifetime opportunity for him.

Vs. 11-17- What appears to him in the sanctuary? _____ What is revealed to him?

Vs. 17- When this says “he will go before Him”, who is this referring to?

What does “in power and spirit of Elijah” mean?

[Was John the Baptist really Elijah reincarnated? | GotQuestions.org](http://GotQuestions.org)

Vs. 18- A reasonable question: What is Zechariah’s reply to the angel?

Vs. 19-20- Gabriel didn’t appreciate his doubt. What happened?

Vs. 21-25- Quick lesson in sign language. Didn’t take people long to realize his dilemma. He served his time as priest and went back home. Sure enough, what happened?

Vs. 26-33- Gabriel was busy! Who does he appear to?

Her fiancé, Joseph, was from the lineage of _____.

How does the angel, Gabriel, describe this baby she will have?

Vs. 34- A sensible question: what does she ask?

Vs. 35-37- Gabriel explains: Jot down verse 37.

Vs. 38- We should all be like Mary! What is her reply? Thoughts on this?

Vs. 39-45- A special time for these two women. Elizabeth and Mary have both experienced miracles! I'm glad they could confide in each other!

Elizabeth's baby leapt in her womb. Remember, this baby is John. She was filled with the _____ . What does she exclaim? (vs 42-43)

God uses Elizabeth to confirm and assure Mary. (We all need friends or family like this!)

Vs. 46-55- Mary's Hymn of praise: Beautiful!! What verses stand out to you?

Vs. 57-64- John's arrival! What finally relieved Zechariah of his silence?

Vs. 76-77- What was John's main mission?

(Bible Notes: Like Mary's hymn, his speaks of rescue from Israel's physical enemies, of spiritual restoration, and of blessings to the Gentiles (vv.68-79). The covenant God made with Abraham was being fulfilled, and this covenant included blessings to all nations. John's childhood and

adult years were briefly mentioned, specifying that he resided *in the wilderness*. This description of the forerunner cleared the way for the entrance of the Messiah.)

Chapter 2:

Vs. 1-3- Why do you think Luke is so specific here?

(Read Micah 5:1-2)

Vs. 4- From what family line was Joseph a descendant?

So, they went to _____ in _____.

Vs. 6-7- The briefest account of a chaotic, yet monumental, moment in history. What happened?

Vs. 8-11- To whom does the angel appear? _____ What was declared and what sign was given to help them recognize this miracle?

Vs. 13-15- Wow! Can you imagine this scene!? What happens?

Vs. 16-20- All is confirmed! What does it say Mary did?

Given her circumstances and her reaction to it all, how can we learn from her example?

The shepherds could be labeled as the first messengers of Jesus! (Bible Notes: Luke emphasized the humble beginnings of the Savior even further by recording the announcement made to the shepherds. Shepherds were despised in the first century for their lifestyles; some had the reputation of being thieves. Nevertheless, to such lowly people, the angels announced the birth of God's Son.)

Vs. 21-24- Mary and Joseph follow the customs and laws for new born babies. Where did they take Him? _____ What were they to do according to Jewish law?

Vs. 25-35- Encounter with Simeon: How did Simeon know he would see the Messiah before he died?

Where did Simeon find them? _____ Wow! Simeon declares a lot in a few verses! What does he say?

Vs. 33-35- How did Mary and Joseph react to Simeon's declaration?

What does Simeon say to Mary?

What does he mean by this?

Vs. 36-38- Encounter with Anna the prophetess: What did she do upon seeing the baby Jesus?

Vs. 39-40- Where does Jesus grow up? _____

Vs. 41-52- Childhood story of Jesus: How old was He in this story? _____

Why were they traveling back to Jerusalem?

What happens on their journey back home?

Where did they find Him?

Vs. 47- What were teachers thinking of Him?

Vs. 48- A great question from a worried parent: What does Mary ask?

Vs. 49- What is His reply?

Vs. 50-What does this verse tell us about Mary and Joseph?

Vs. 51-52- How do these verses describe Jesus as a young man?

Chapter 3:

Vs. 1-2- Luke's historical details here pinpoint the time of these events. Thanks Luke! Why is this so important?

Vs. 3- What message did John preach?

Luke adds prophecy from Isaiah 40: 3-5. Why is the prophecy so important that Matthew and Luke note this in their writings?

Vs. 7-14- John's teaching:

In looking at Matthew's account and Luke's account, it is known that Pharisees and Sadducees, tax collectors, soldiers, and more were present to inquire of John and some wanted to be baptized. He calls the Pharisees and Sadducees a "brood of vipers" fleeing from the coming wrath. What does he tell them to do? What does that mean?

What does John mean when he tells the crowd, "Don't start saying to yourselves, 'We have Abraham as our father,' for I tell you that God is able to raise up children for Abraham from these stones!"

What does he mean when he tells them "Even now the ax is ready to strike the root of the trees! Therefore, every tree that doesn't produce good fruit will be cut down and thrown into the fire"?

Vs. 10-14- Rightfully so, people were concerned and wanting to know what to do. What moral nuggets does he give throughout these verses, and what can we take away about the intent behind these directives?

Vs. 15-18- Who did some people think he was?

What does he say about "The One to come"?

Vs. 19-20- Why was John imprisoned?

Vs. 23- Jesus' baptism: The Holy Spirit descended on Him like a _____. A voice from heaven said, "You are My _____. I take delight in You."

[Why was Jesus baptized? Why was Jesus' baptism important? | GotQuestions.org](#)

How old was Jesus when He began His ministry?

Vs. 24-38- Genealogy: Luke traces Jesus' genealogy from Joseph all the way back to _____.

(Matthew's account traces back from Joseph to Abraham)

(Bible Notes: Luke seems primarily concerned with presenting Jesus as Savior of all people, not just the Jews. With the exception of verses 23-27, you can find the genealogy in the Old Testament. (Gn 5: 3-32; 11:10-26; Ruth 4:18-22; 1Ch 1:1-4; 24-28; 2:1-15)

Some scholars have suggested that Luke presents Christ's natural and royal ancestry through Mary while Matthew presents Christ's legal and royal ancestry through Joseph. Yet Luke still substantiates His messianic claim by noting Jesus' descent from David.

Some have commented extensively on the differences between the genealogies in Mt 1:1-17 and here in Luke 3:23-28. In summary, consider these options for explaining the differences:

- One gives legal descent and the other physical descent, which occurred especially when the law of Levirate marriage was involved (Dt. 25:5)
- Both Mary and Joseph descended from David but by different branches of the family.

The latter seems more likely as noted in earlier discussion)

[Why are Jesus' genealogies in Matthew and Luke so different? | GotQuestions.org](#)

Regardless, the precision is remarkable, and what point is abundantly clear?

Chapter 4: The Temptation of Jesus (vs. 1-13)

How long was Jesus out in the wilderness?

[Why did Jesus need to be led into the wilderness by the Spirit to be tempted \(Matthew 4:1\)? | GotQuestions.org](#)

Vs. 2-3- The devil waits until the 40 days of fasting are over to begin his taunting. What does he tempt Jesus to do?

Jesus answers him by quoting Dt. 8:3. What does He say?

Next, he takes Jesus to a height to observe all the kingdoms of earth. What does he think Jesus will be tempted by?

Jesus answers him by quoting Dt. 6:13. What does He say?

Last test: What does the devil want Jesus to do?

Satan quotes Psalm 91:11-12. What does he say?

Jesus answers him quoting Dt. 6:16. What does He say?

How does Jesus model for us ways to fight temptations?

What do these encounters show us about the devil?

Vs. 14-15-When Jesus returned to Galilee, what impact was He making?

Vs. 16- Where did He go next? _____ What is significant about this town?

Vs. 17-21- Teaching in His synagogue He read from Isaiah 61:1-2. What does He proclaim as He shuts the scroll?

Vs. 22- How did his townspeople respond?

Vs. 23-27- Jesus knows their doubts and refers to the Old Testament scriptures and stories of the prophets Elijah and Elisha, as the people would know these well. What point is Jesus making?

Vs. 28-30- What do His townspeople do?

What is Jesus' reaction?

Vs. 31-44- Beginning a healing ministry: There are two references to people possessed with unclean spirits. What do these spirits claim when they see Jesus?

How did the crowd respond?

Vs. 38-39- What do we learn about Simon and what happens?

Vs. 40- In reading this verse, what do you picture a day being like for Jesus?

Vs. 41- Why wouldn't Jesus allow the spirits to speak of who He really was?

[Why did Jesus tell the demons to be quiet/silent about who He was? | GotQuestions.org](https://www.gotquestions.org/Why-did-Jesus-tell-the-demons-to-be-quiet-silent-about-who-He-was.html)

Vs. 43- What does Jesus say is the purpose for which He was sent?

Jesus struggled to get away from crowds for solitude and prayer. He made it a priority, as should we. Why do you think this is so important?

Chapter 5:

Vs. 1-11- Calling the first disciples: How would you describe Peter's reaction to the miracle?

Here we see _____ and _____, sons of Zebedee, were also with Simon. What did they do upon seeing this miracle?

Vs. 12-16- Jesus heals a man with a skin disease. Beautiful faith exhibited here. What can we learn from this man?

Jesus replies, “_____”.

Crowds formed and followed Him everywhere. What was a priority for Jesus in Vs. 16?

Vs. 17-26- Encounter with Pharisees:

A paralyzed man is brought before Jesus by dedicated, faithful friends. How did they get him to Jesus?

What does Jesus initially say to him?

Jesus knew the thoughts of the Pharisees. What were they thinking?

Jesus replies in verse 23: “Which is easier to say, ‘Your sins are forgiven you’, or to say, ‘Get ____ and _____’?”

Vs. 24- He clarifies once more that the _____ of _____ has authority on earth to _____.

Let’s not be like the Pharisees, blinded by rules and religion that we miss the message of Jesus right in front of us.

Vs. 27- Jesus calls Levi, the tax collector to follow Him. What does Levi do?

(Bible Notes: When Jesus called, Levi (Matthew) left everything behind and followed Him. Only Luke emphasizes this total obedience on the part of Levi. In all three Synoptic Gospels, Levi’s dinner and guests led to questions about religious practices. The outcome was that Jesus’ mission involved a radical break with traditional religious practices. He did not come merely to add to what was already practiced. His ministry involved something that was radically new. This profound difference was seen in the company He kept.)

Vs. 29-32- Why are the Pharisees upset this time?

How does Jesus explain this?

Vs. 34-35- What does Jesus elude here?

[What is a bridegroom? | GotQuestions.org](http://GotQuestions.org)

Vs. 36-39- Parables of new and old garments and wineskins: How are these parables significant?

(Bible Notes: The gospel Jesus brought could not be absorbed into Judaism because it was radically new.)

Chapter 6:

Vs. 1-11- When confronted and questioned by the Pharisees, how does Jesus describe Himself?

What did Jesus do that angered them?

What does this, among other passages, tell us about the Pharisees?

Do we see this today? Are we ever guilty of acting like the Pharisees? If so, how?

Vs. 12-16- The Twelve: Who were they?

[Who were the twelve \(12\) disciples / apostles of Jesus Christ? | GotQuestions.org](http://GotQuestions.org)

Vs. 17-26- Jesus' sermon: **(Bible Notes: Although the setting for this sermon and the Sermon on the Mount in Matthew 5-7 is considered the same by many, others believe the difference in content suggests two different settings of the sermon. Of course, there are very logical choices:**

- The same location and sermon but described by two men from their different perspectives.
- The same location but two different, yet similar, messages were delivered to different audiences.
- Two similar sermons were delivered by Jesus in different locations with the heart of the message, namely, the nature of the Christian life, being the same but with varying content-a situation common among modern-day itinerant preachers who each tends to have a keynote message.)

Why do you suppose Jesus calls those with hardships “blessed”?

Why do you think Jesus makes a point to bring up “rich” people in this manner?

What is Jesus really after in all people?

Vs. 27-30- Jesus' teaching is counterculture! It was then and still is today. List some things he taught:

Vs. 31- The Golden Rule! There it is. You can also find it in Matthew 7:12. Jot that down.

Vs. 32-36- Jesus is blunt! Summarize these verses. Really pause and re-read the last part of verse 35 a few times to really capture the heart of God.

Vs. 37-38- More invaluable lessons: Summarize these verses and ponder what is or is not challenging for you regarding these principles.

Vs. 41-42- The speck! What is His point?

Vs. 43-45- (Jot down verse 45!) What is the key to our actions?

On our own, these things would be impossible, but Jesus is in the business of heart transformation! He makes this way of living and thinking possible! Any other take-aways?

Vs. 46-49- The importance of your life foundation: What is Jesus' point here?

Chapter 7:

Vs. 1-10- The faith of the centurion: (Fun Fact: A centurion was a commander of a century (100 men) in the ancient Roman army.)

Who did the centurion send to find Jesus?

How did they describe this centurion?

How does the centurion describe himself?

Jesus is amazed by his humility and faith! He addresses the crowd following Him and what does He say?

Why was this comparison so profound?

Vs. 11-17- Raising the dead: Why did Jesus heal this young man? (Picture the scene: the crowds following Him, they meet this funeral procession, and He sees her.)

Vs. 18-23- John the Baptist sends messengers to inquire of Him: What do they ask?

How did His answer assure them?

Vs. 24-28- How does Jesus speak of John the Baptist to the crowd? (He quotes Malachi 3:1)

[Did John the Baptist lose his faith in Jesus as the Messiah \(Matthew 11:3; Luke 7:19\)? | GotQuestions.org](http://GotQuestions.org)

Vs. 31-34- What does Jesus say about this generation of people and their perception of Jesus and John?

Vs. 36-50- Jesus is invited to a Pharisee's house. While He is eating, a woman from town finds Him at the home of this Pharisee. What does she do?

What is she demonstrating through this act?

The Pharisee is quick to point out her social status. Jesus explains using a parable of the 2 debtors. What was the point of the parable?

What does He say about her to her credit in front of the Pharisees?

What does Jesus tell her that shocked the others?

We can have peace in knowing Jesus sees the heart of all who turn to him from whatever mistakes they've made. He never held her mistakes over her. He wipes the slate clean!

Chapter 8:

Vs. 1-3- What is amazing about Mary, call Magdalene?

How were these women involved in Jesus' ministry?

Vs. 4-15- Parable of the Sower: Matthew and Mark also mention this parable. (Mt 13: 1-23/Mk 4: 1-20) Jesus summarizes the meaning. What does He say?

The "seed" represents what?

The seed trampled on the path-

The seed on the rocks-

The seed in the thorns-

The seed in good soil-

Vs. 16-17- The Lampstand: What is Jesus teaching here?

Vs. 19-21- Jesus' mother and brothers arrive. His reply is interesting; not insulting to His family. What does He say and how should this passage encourage those who hear and do the word of God?

[Did Jesus have brothers and sisters \(siblings\)? | GotQuestions.org](https://www.gotquestions.org/Did-Jesus-have-brothers-and-sisters-siblings?)

Vs. 22-25- Jesus calms the sea. Are you surprised by the disciples' reaction? Why or why not?

Vs. 26- 39- Jesus restores the possessed man. Here, again, we see demons refer to Jesus as

The demons did not want to go to the abyss, so Jesus sent them where? What ultimately happens?

The people responded with fear, but what did the restored man want to do?

What does Jesus commission him to do? (The first Gentile missionary)

Vs. 40-56- Two miracles:

What does the synagogue leader approach Jesus about?

While He was going, He walked through crowds of people pushing Him on every side, yet He calls out, "Who touched Me?". Describe this beautiful interaction between this poor woman and the Lord:

How does Jesus address her and what does this reveal by Jesus?

This situation did slow Jesus down on his path to the 12-year-old girl. Jesus is then confronted with the news that the little girl had died. What does He say?

What 3 disciples witness the healing?

Why do you think Jesus tells the family not to tell anyone?

Chapter 9:

Vs. 1-6- Who does Jesus equip to cast out demons, heal the sick, and proclaim the Kingdom of God?

Jesus gives the disciples directions before they part. What does he direct them to do and not to do?

Vs. 7-9- Who did some presume Jesus to be?

Why would this concern Herod?

Vs. 10-20- Feeding of the 5,000: (This story is in all four gospels). Who does Jesus tell to feed the people?

What food was available?

Jesus blesses the loaves and fish, and everyone ate and was filled. How many baskets of leftovers were there?

Who does Peter acknowledge Christ to be?

What can we learn from this very important story mentioned in every gospel?

Vs. 22- Jesus drops the bombshell news to His disciples. This is a lot for them to take in! What does He tell them?

Vs. 23-26- Summarize what Jesus says in these verses:

Vs. 25- Jesus also poses this important question here. What does He mean by this?

Vs. 28-36- The Transfiguration:

(Bible Notes: This mountain is the one on which Moses spoke to God- Mt. Sinai/Mt. Horeb (Ex. 19:1-6; 20:24; 24: 12-18; 31:18, Dt. 5:2) and Elijah (1 Kg 19: 8-18). Jesus was fulfilling the law and the words of the prophets. Also, the cloud: God made known His presence on Mt. Sinai (Ex. 24:16), in His tabernacle (Ex. 40:34; Nm 9:17), and later in the temple (1 Kg 8:10-11) by descending upon and fulfilling each with a cloud. After the resurrection, Jesus ascended to heaven in the clouds and promised to return in the same manner. (Acts 1:9-11).

This was an amazing experience and what disciples witnessed this?

Who were they seeing?

What were these three glorified men talking about?

How had Jesus' appearance changed?

What is spoken from the cloud?

These disciples were obedient to Jesus and did not tell anyone of this event until after His resurrection.

[What was the meaning and importance of the transfiguration? | GotQuestions.org](#)

Vs. 38-43- Jesus heals the possessed boy and the crowds of people are amazed.

(Bible Notes: The healing of the demon-possessed boy further demonstrated the power and *greatness of God* (vs. 43). Although the physical effects were similar to those caused by epilepsy, the boy's father and Jesus focused on the demonic source of the boy's suffering).

Vs. 40-41- Why do you think Jesus responded like this upon hearing from the boy's father?

Vs. 43-44- Jesus makes a critical point and statement He insists His disciples absorb and fully understand. What does He tell them?

Vs. 43- After Jesus heals the boy it says, "they were all astonished at the greatness of _____".

[Is Jesus God? Why should I believe that Jesus is God? | GotQuestions.org](#)

Vs. 46-48- Luke also notes the dispute amongst the disciples about who would be the greatest of them. (Can you see this as typical young men even today?) How does Jesus describe “greatness”?

Who does Jesus use as an example in this conversation?

Vs. 49-50- What was John concerned with here and how does Jesus respond?

Vs. 51-62- Jesus' journeys back to Jerusalem. Several people voice that they want to follow Him. What do you think He means when He speaks in vs. 59-62?

Chapter 10:

Vs. 1-9- Missionaries sent out: Luke says _____ men were sent. This number was in addition to the 12.

[Who were the 70 \(or 72\) disciples in Luke 10? | GotQuestions.org](http://GotQuestions.org)

Vs. 2- He emphasizes that “The _____ is abundant, but the _____ are few.” What does He mean and how can we still obey today?

Do you feel comfortable being a “worker” and what are the challenges and motivators in our culture today?

Vs. 3- Jesus says, “Now go; I’m sending you out like lambs among wolves.” Does this feel culturally relevant today? If so, how?

Vs. 10-16- Jesus tells them how to handle rejection from others as they travel. Why is judgement going to be even more harsh for these towns?

[What does it mean to shake the dust off your feet? | GotQuestions.org](#)

Vs. 17-20- The 70 return joyfully, obviously amazed at the power within them. What does Jesus explain to them?

Vs. 21-24- The Trinity: There are many places in scripture where all three are mentioned together. [How is the doctrine of the Trinity not tritheism? | GotQuestions.org](#)

[What does the Bible teach about the Trinity? | GotQuestions.org](#)

What does Jesus mean in Vs. 23-24?

Vs. 28-37- Quizzing Jesus: What does the expert in the law ask?

What was his motive behind the question?

Jesus asks the expert what the law says. The expert quotes Leviticus 19:18 and Dt. 6:5. What do these verses say?

How does Jesus respond?

The expert seeks a bit of clarification as to whom this verse would apply. He asks, “And who is my _____?”

Jesus shares the parable of the “Good Samaritan”. Summarize this story and His point:

Vs. 38-42- Luke mentions this quick depiction of Mary and Martha. These 5 verses speak directly to everyone in any culture or time. What are the big takeaways?

Chapter 11:

Vs. 1-13- Teaching all how to pray: (This prayer is also in Mt. 6:9-13). Many are familiar with this prayer. It’s often called “The Lord’s Prayer”. Different Bible versions may have slightly

different phrasing, but let's look at this prayer line by line and understand exactly what Jesus was teaching us. Write what each line teaches us to pray:

1. Father in heaven, you are honored and holy-
2. Your Kingdom come-
3. Give us our daily bread -
4. Forgive our sins -
5. As we forgive others –
6. Keep us from temptation -

This is a beautiful example of how to pray, but it does not have to be recited only. It is the outline of things to include when we reach out to God in prayer.

Vs. 9 – 10- These verses are wonderful and encouraging for all. Jot these down and remember them:

How are these verses an encouragement to you?

Vs. 13- What does Jesus say will be given to those who ask?

Vs. 14-26- Controversy with Pharisees: (Also written in Mt. And Mk.)

Jesus drives out a demon and Pharisees assume it's by the power of _____. Who is that?

What did they demand as a test to show He was working with God's power rather than the devil's?

Jesus proceeds to explain the absurdity of Him working through the devil. In verse 17 He explains an important, and often common phrase still today. What does He say?

Vs. 27 - In the midst of listening to Him talk about driving out demons and unclean spirits, a woman from the crowd speaks out. What does she say?

Vs. 28- How does Jesus respond?

Vs. 29-32- Jesus refers back to the request for a sign from heaven, but what does He say?

[What is the sign of Jonah? | GotQuestions.org](http://GotQuestions.org)

Vs. 33-36- What message is Jesus teaching here?

Vs. 37-53- Jesus is invited to dine with Pharisees. What did the Pharisee act shocked about upon Jesus' arrival to the table?

Jesus does not mince words in the next several verses. He lists several verses of “woes” to the Pharisees and experts in the law. List each one below and briefly explain what He means:

1) Vs. 39-

2) Vs. 42-

3) Vs. 43-

4) Vs. 44-

5) Vs. 46-

6) Vs. 47-

7) Vs. 52-

How did the Pharisees and experts of the law feel about this conversation?

It can be easy to criticize these Pharisees, but can you relate to any of these woes? If so, which ones?

Fortunately, Jesus covered our sins on the cross and He knows the heart and the intentions of everyone. We need to stay focused on Him and then our hearts will follow.

Chapter 12: (This chapter picks up where Chapter 11 left off)

Vs. 1-4- What does Jesus warn His disciples about?

Vs. 2-3- What is He revealing here?

Vs. 4-7- Two depictions of God: What are they?

What does this reveal about God?

Vs. 8-10- The relationship we have with Jesus is key, although, through His grace, even those who speak against Him can still be _____. What is the unforgiveable sin?

Vs. 11-12- Read Exodus 4:10:12 (10-31 for more thorough reading). Which prophet needed this reassurance? What does God say?

How can we rest in this assurance ourselves?

Vs. 15- A great warning for all of us! What does He say? (Doesn't this seem counter to our culture?)

Vs. 16-21- Summarize His points in this parable:

Vs. 22-23- What does Jesus say?

Vs. 24-26- What does Jesus say about worrying?

Vs. 27-30- The wildflowers: What does Jesus clarify?

Vs. 31-33- Jesus says to seek His kingdom, and all these things will be provided for you. It is His delight. What financial advice does He give?

Vs. 34- Jot this verse down to remember:

Vs. 35-38- Be ready! What are we to alert and ready for?

Vs. 36-40- Summarize this parable of the slaves and their master:

Vs. 40-48- In this parable, Jesus speaks of the consequences of those who say, “in their heart, My master is delaying his coming”, and starts to beat the male and female slaves, and to eat and drink and get drunk. This attitude, disregard for others, and lack of reverence and obedience to God has severe consequences. Why do you think God takes this so seriously for those He puts in positions of authority over others to do His work?

Vs. 48 (second half)- What does this verse mean?

Vs 49-53- Jesus' Mission: What does He say He came to do?

(Bible Notes: Fire is used to symbolize divine judgment or refining purification or the coming of the Holy Spirit (12:49). The context seems to point to judgment.)

Vs. 50- Jesus says “I have a baptism to be baptized with, and how it consumes Me until it is finished!”

(Bible Notes: The reference to baptism (vs 50) as in Mark 10:38 seems to be used as a reference to His coming death, at which time He would be immersed in His suffering on the cross.)

Vs. 51-53- Jesus quotes Mc 7:6 referring to the division that will ensue because of Him. He knows the hearts of all people. What obvious truth is He stating here and is this still true today?

Vs. 54-56- Why is Jesus so frustrated with some people?

Feels like He could be speaking to our world today as well. Thoughts?

Chapter 13:

Vs. 1-5- What does Jesus repeatedly say here?

[Is repentance a change of mind or a turning from sin? | GotQuestions.org](http://GotQuestions.org)

Vs. 6-9 – Parable of the fig tree: What does this mean?

(Bible Notes: Jesus used the familiar fig tree to represent Israel. Despite its lack of fruit, the tree received an additional year of grace. However, Israel remained in danger of God's judgment if the nation continued to reject her Messiah.)

Vs. 10-17- Another run in with the synagogue leaders. What did Jesus do that provoked the leader?

In this exchange, what point does Jesus make?

Are you wondering how they could not see the miracles before their eyes because they were so concerned about rules? Thoughts?

Vs. 18-21- What does Jesus compare the Kingdom of God to and what is His meaning behind these comparisons?

[What is the kingdom of God? | GotQuestions.org](http://GotQuestions.org)

Vs. 22-30- These verses seem harsh, but Jesus is giving them a realistic picture here. Jesus' point is that He wants to "KNOW" his children/followers. Knowing someone requires what?

Simply knowing about someone and knowing someone personally are two totally different things. Jesus is interested in the heart and relationship with people; so much so that He will suffer and die for it. Thoughts on these verses?

Vs. 34-35- Jesus addresses the Pharisees again. What does He mean when He speaks of prophets in Jerusalem?

When Jesus says, "How often I wanted to gather your children together, as a hen gathers her chicks under her wings, but you were not willing", what does this tell us about His deity and character?

He quotes Psalm 118:26: What does this say and who is He saying He is to these Pharisees?

Chapter 14:

Vs. 1-6 – Another dinner date with the Pharisee: What does Jesus ask the Pharisees and why?

What does He do and how does He make His point to them?

Vs. 7- 11- Jesus proceeds with a parable of those who were invited, as He noticed how they would choose the best places for themselves. He sums up His point in vs. 11. What does He say?

(All goes back to the heart).

Vs. 12-14- One more comment to the host. What did He tell him and why?

Vs. 16-24- Parable of the banquet: summarize these verses and the point.

[What is the meaning of the Parable of the Great Banquet \(Luke 14:15-24\)? | GotQuestions.org](#)

Vs. 25-26- Don't panic when you read this! Pause and remember all of Jesus' teaching on love, the Ten Commandments, etc. These verses cannot be taken out of context. Why is He speaking in this extreme fashion with regards to following Him as a disciple? What is His point?

[What did Jesus mean when He instructed us to hate our father and mother \(Luke 14:26\)? | GotQuestions.org](#)

Vs. 27- What does He mean when He says, "whoever does not bear his own cross"?

Vs. 28-32- Jesus continues with examples of how people evaluate the _____ of things they pursue in life.

Vs. 33- Again, read in context; what is Jesus trying to emphasize here?

[Should Christians give away all they possess except for basic necessities? | GotQuestions.org](#)

(Bible Notes: Christ must be set above everyone and everything in a person's life. Nothing less will do. While the cost of following Christ is high (vs.28-30), the cost of not following Him is higher still.)

Chapter 15:

Vs. 1-10- Rejoicing in Heaven! Jesus paints a picture of a heavenly celebration when _____

What parables does Jesus use to teach His point in verses 4-10?

How do these parables paint a picture of the heart of God?

Vs. 11-31- The parable of the prodigal son: When looking at the two sons in the story, what actions from both were good and flawed?

- The obedient brother-
- The prodigal son-

[What is the meaning of the Parable of the Prodigal Son? | GotQuestions.org](http://GotQuestions.org)

Vs. 20- Do you imagine this is how God, our Heavenly Father, awaits us and receives us when we turn to Him as His children?

(Bible Notes: The trilogy of parables illustrates the deep love God has for wayward sinners and affirms the joy of the heavenly Father when the lost are recovered. First and foremost, God forgives and restores. The tragedy of lostness is vividly portrayed but is always overshadowed by the joy of finding the precious object that has been lost.)

Chapter 16:

(Bible Notes- This section contains parables that are unique to Luke, and they are among the most difficult to interpret. The subject is possessions and wealth.)

Vs. 1-13- Parable of the rich man and his manager. What action did the manager take?

What is the motive behind the manager's actions?

Instead of the rich man condemning his actions, what does he say?

[What did Jesus mean when He spoke of making friends by worldly wealth \(Luke 16:9\)? | GotQuestions.org](#)

Vs. 10- Motto with money management: (jot this down)-

Vs. 13- Why do you think it's so hard to balance dependence on God and dependence on money? (The last sentence is key.)

Vs. 14-15- Pharisees get a direct lesson. What points does Jesus emphasize to them?

Vs. 18- This verse is thrown in the middle of these conversations, so it is noted. (Also written about in Matthew and Mark. Matthew 5:32 adds, "except for cases of sexual immorality".) This has apparently been an issue for thousands of years. Fortunately for those who have experienced this, there is forgiveness.

Vs. 19-31- Heaven and Hell: Summarize the living conditions of both the rich man and Lazarus.

Rich man: How was his life lived on earth?

What was eternity like for him?

Lazarus: How was his life on earth?

What was eternity like for him?

[What should we learn from the story of the rich man and Lazarus in Luke 16? | GotQuestions.org](#)
[What is Abraham's bosom? | GotQuestions.org](#)

(Bible Notes: The phrase "Abraham's side" became an expression for 'heaven'. Vs.16-31- Jesus again returned to the supremacy of Scripture when he described the rich man's plea for the resurrection of Lazarus as a messenger to his family to warn them of the penalty of rejecting

God. Abraham's response pointed to an attitude of unbelief. Rejecting the Scriptures would not be changed even by one who had risen from the grave (v31), as would be even more evident when Jesus Himself arose from the dead.)

Describe the hearts of the two men.

How did wealth become a stumbling block when it could have been an abundant gift for many?

What was the rich man's biggest concern once he discovered his fate?

What did he think would convince his family?

What was he told?

Chapter 17:

Vs. 1-4- Jesus makes several bold statements. What does He express in each verse?

Vs. 1-

Vs. 2-

Vs. 3-

Vs. 4-

Vs. 5- A simple, yet powerful prayer request. We can all request this of the Lord. (Jot this down)

Vs. 6- What does Jesus say about faith?

Vs. 7-10- Servant metaphor: This sounds harsh, but Jesus continually points to servanthood and humility. How does that resonate here?

[What does it mean to be a servant of Christ? | GotQuestions.org](https://www.gotquestions.org/What-does-it-mean-to-be-a-servant-of-Christ?)

Vs. 11-19- Ten lepers: How do these lepers address Jesus?

What does Jesus tell the Lepers?

As they were walking and following Jesus' directions, they were _____.

What is amazing about vs. 13-14?

Do you think we overlook blessings sometimes and just go on our way?

Let's be mindful of daily blessings and be sure to come back and thank God for those wonderful interjections into our days!

Vs. 20-21- Kingdom of God: In these verses, Jesus is not talking about His kingdom to come in the end. Here, what does He say?

[What did Jesus mean when He said, "The kingdom of God is within you" \(Luke 17:21, KJV\)? | GotQuestions.org](https://www.gotquestions.org/What-did-Jesus-mean-when-He-said-The-kingdom-of-God-is-within-you-Luke-17:21-KJV?) ("The kingdom of God is among you")

Vs. 22-25- There will come a day when people seek the return of the Son of Man, but what must He do before this triumphal return?

Vs. 26-30- Why does He compare this with the flood in Noah's day and the demise of Sodom in Lot's day?

Vs. 32-33- What does He clarify here?

[What does it mean to “remember Lot’s wife” in Luke 17:32? | GotQuestions.org](https://www.gotquestions.org/Luke-17-32-remember-Lots-wife)

Vs. 34-36- What does He describe?

Chapter 18:

Vs. 1-8- Prayer: How often does Jesus say we should pray?

He does not want us to feel _____.

In the parable, Jesus mentions an unjust judge and a widow. Summarize the meaning behind this story.

Vs. 9-14- Prayers of the Pharisee and the Tax Collector: What are the differences in these prayers?

Why did the tax collector get justified by his prayer?

What does this tell us about depending on religious acts or practices?

Vs. 15-17- Who does Jesus want brought to Him?

What does Jesus mean when He says, “I assure you: Whoever does not welcome the kingdom of God like a little child will never enter it”?

[Why did Jesus say, “Let the little children come to me”? | GotQuestions.org](https://www.gotquestions.org/Luke-18-10-let-little-children-come)

Vs. 18-30- The rich ruler: What does the ruler want to know?

Vs. 19- Jesus clarifies one thing before the man gives his ‘obedience resume’. What does He say and why did He say this?

The man proceeds to explain his impeccable record; however, Jesus asks him to do something else. What did He tell him to do and why?

Jesus said, “You lack one thing.” Seeing the reaction of the rich man, what do you think he was lacking?

What can we learn from this regarding wealth and possessions?

[Why did Jesus tell the rich young ruler he could be saved by obeying the commandments? | GotQuestions.org](#)

Vs. 26-27- Onlookers then repeat the question: “What can we do to be saved?” What does Jesus reply?

What is clear in this answer He gives?

Vs. 31-34- A tough conversation with His disciples: What does He say will be accomplished and who does He reference?

What specifics does He give about how He will be treated?

How did the disciples respond?

Vs. 35-43- Healing the blind man: How does the man refer to Jesus?

[What does it mean that Jesus is the son of David? | GotQuestions.org](#)

What does Jesus say caused his healing?

Chapter 19:

Vs. 1-10- Jesus and Zacchaeus: What was Zacchaeus’ profession?

Jesus wants to stay with him, and other people cringe. Why?

(Bible Notes: Tax collectors were known for their fraud. They could officially collect whatever amount they chose and keep anything above what was required by the government).

Zacchaeus had a drastic reaction to Jesus. What was his response?

What was different about Zacchaeus' response and the rich young ruler from the previous chapter? Why the different responses?

Jesus makes a profound statement in verse 10. (Jot this down).

(Side note: Remember, God doesn't want our stuff, He wants our hearts!!)

Vs. 11-27- Parable of the nobleman, his subjects, and the minas:

Vs. 12- What was the nobleman going to do?

Vs. 13- What did the nobleman ask of his servants while he was gone?

Vs 14- How did the subjects feel about the nobleman?

What did they do?

Vs. 15-24- What happened when the nobleman came back?

[What is the meaning of the Parable of the Ten Minas? | GotQuestions.org](http://GotQuestions.org)

Vs. 26-27- This seems harsh, but what has Jesus said many times about those who reject Him and His Father?

Vs. 28-40- Jesus' entry into Jerusalem. Read Zechariah 9:9 to see this prophecy unfold. What does it say?

This entry into Jerusalem was beautiful! How was He greeted?

Read Psalm 118:26: Does this scene show fulfillment of this prophecy? What does it say?

Vs. 40- Jot this down. This verse speaks volumes about the significance of this moment. What is He saying?

Vs. 41-44- Jesus grieves for Jerusalem. Summarize these verses:

Vs. 45-48- Trouble in the temple: What problem did Jesus rectify in the temple?

Jesus still taught daily in the temple trying to reach people, but what group were never moved by His teaching? Isn't this ironic and disappointing at the same time?

Chapter 20:

Vs. 1-8- What is Jesus asked about here and who asks?

Why do you think Jesus responds with these questions?

Vs. 9-15- Parable of the vineyard: (also in Matthew and Mark)

[What is the meaning of the Parable of the Vineyard? | GotQuestions.org](https://www.gotquestions.org/What-is-the-meaning-of-the-Parable-of-the-Vineyard?)

Who does the owner of the vineyard symbolize?

What does the vineyard symbolize?

Who do the slaves symbolize?

Who do the tenant farmers symbolize?

Who does the son symbolize?

Who do the 'others' symbolize?

Vs. 17- He quotes Psalm 118:22. What does He say?

The religious leaders knew Scripture very well and they knew exactly what He was claiming.

Vs. 19-20- This parable did not go over well with the religious leaders. What do they do?

Vs. 21-44- Lots of questions for Jesus!

Vs. 21-26- Taxes: should we pay them? What does Jesus say?

Vs. 27-40- Questions about the afterlife: Why won't there be marriage in heaven?

Vs. 38 – This verse is awesome! Jot this down!

Vs. 41-44- What question does Jesus ask them?

Then He quotes Psalm 110:1. What point is He making here?

Vs. 45-47- Jesus warns His disciples of what?

Why did He say “these will receive greater punishment”?

What did He accuse the religious leaders of?

Chapter 21:

Vs. 1-4- The widow's gift: Summarize this story and the point Jesus was making.

Vs. 5-6- Jesus predicts the destruction of the temple. What does He say?

[Jerusalem History: The First and Second Temples | Moon Travel Guides](#)

Vs. 7-19- Signs of the end times:

Vs. 8- What does Jesus warn them to watch out for?

What are some signs that must occur before the end?

Vs. 12- But what happens even before all these things?

What opportunity does it bring when they are brought before kings and governors?

How will they know what to say?

Vs. 16-17- This does not sound reassuring. What does He prepare them for?

What is typical of our nature when bad things happen?

What is critical for us to remember when things get tough?

Vs. 20-24- Destruction of Jerusalem: Within the same chapter, Jesus now switches from talking about the end of the age to the destruction of the temple in Jerusalem, something many of them would witness. (This account is different than what Matthew discussed in his chapter 24. Luke is referring to 70AD while Matthew is referring to end times.) [What biblical prophecies were fulfilled in AD 70? | GotQuestions.org](#)

Vs. 25-28- Jesus will return! What signs will be apparent?

How will Jesus appear?

[What is the Second Coming of Jesus Christ? | GotQuestions.org](#)

[What is the difference between the Rapture and the Second Coming? | GotQuestions.org](#)

Vs. 28- What does Jesus say as a comfort to those awaiting His return?

Vs. 29-31- As a tree predictably shows the signs of the seasons, Jesus says these signs will be a way to recognize that the kingdom of God is _____.

Vs. 32- [What did Jesus mean when He said, "this generation will not pass"? | GotQuestions.org](#)

Vs. 33- This verse explains the immense power of Jesus' words. Jot this down!

(There was no Bible put together then. He speaks life to us. This is why learning all we can about what He said is critical).

Vs. 34-36- Keep watch! Summarize what He says here:

Chapter 22:

Vs. 1-6- The plot to kill Jesus: Who were the ones who wanted Him dead?

What happened to Judas?

(Bible Notes: Only Luke mentions that this betrayal was ultimately the work of Satan. Luke was careful to show that Jesus' mission meant the ultimate demise of the Devil. Throughout his narrative, Luke has referred to Satan's activity and to his ultimate downfall (10:18-20). But in this context Satan was still at work, causing dissension and seeking to interfere with Jesus' mission (22:23). *Satan entered Judas* in order to move him to betray Jesus (v. 3). Judas then became the instrument of Satan to accomplish his purpose of trying to destroy Jesus' life and ministry).

What motivated Judas to do this?

Vs. 7-23- Passover meal: [What is Passover? | GotQuestions.org](#)

Jesus explains the new covenant through His own sacrifice. In verse 19, what does He say?

Vs. 20- What does He say?

Vs. 21-22- What does He reveal?

Vs. 23- What are the disciples arguing about?

Vs. 24- The argument then turned to another topic. What were they disputing?

Vs. 25-27- What does Jesus clarify for them?

Vs. 29-30- He gives them a glimpse of glory. What does He say?

Vs. 31-34- Satan wasn't only after Judas. Who else did Jesus warn?

What does Peter claim he is ready for?

What does Jesus reveal to him?

Vs. 35-38- Jesus prepares them for trouble ahead. He quotes Isaiah 53:12. What does He say?

Vs. 39-53- Prayer in the garden:

Vs. 42- An amazing prayer! What does His prayer reveal?

Vs. 44- What was happening to Jesus here?

[Hematidrosis \(Sweating Blood\): Symptoms, Causes, Treatment \(webmd.com\)](https://www.webmd.com/condition/hematidrosis)

What were the disciples doing while He was experiencing this in the garden?

What does He implore them to do and why?

Why are the disciples sleeping? (We know it wasn't for lack of concern for Jesus).

Seeing Jesus earnestly seek the Father and plead with the disciples to pray, does this show us the necessity of prayer? Do we use this gift of prayer as we should?

Vs. 47-53- Jesus' betrayal by Judas and the mob coming for Him was quite a scene. What did one of the disciples do?

What did Jesus do and say?

What does Jesus say to the chief priests, temple police, and the elders who had come for Him?

Vs. 54-62- Peter denies Jesus: Luke's gospel mentions Jesus turning to look at Peter when He hears him deny Him. Can you imagine the disappointment and shame Peter felt? Thoughts?

Vs. 63-71- Within the high priest's house, those holding Jesus began to terrorize Him. What were they doing?

What was the big question He was asked the next morning before the Sanhedrin?

Vs. 67-69- What point does Jesus make?

Chapter 23:

Vs. 1-5- Jesus before Pilate: What did they tell Pilate He was accused of?

How does Jesus answer when Pilate asks Him if He is King of the Jews?

Vs. 6-12- Pilate realizes this isn't his issue to deal with so who does he send Jesus to?

How did the visit with Herod go?

(Bible Notes: There were a few unique contributions Luke made to the crucifixion narrative. First, he mentions that when Pilate (Pontius Pilate, Roman governor, A.D. 26-36) found out that Jesus was a Galilean, he sent Him to Herod, who was in Jerusalem at the time (v 6-12). Herod

interrogated Jesus, mocked Him , and then sent Him back to Pilate. That day, Luke noted that Herod and Pilate had become friends (v12).

Vs. 13-25- What does Pilate explain to His accusers after Herod sends Jesus back?

What punishment does he suggest?

Vs. 17- What was common during the festival?

Who does the crowd want released?

How many times did Luke say Pilate tried to convince the crowd of Jesus' innocence?

Vs. 26-31- After His whipping, He was led away to carry His cross. Who is pulled to help Him?

Luke mentions a conversation Jesus has as He passes by and sees His women followers "mourning and lamenting" Him. What does He say?

(Bible Notes: Second, Luke records Jesus' words to the Daughter of Jerusalem, a tender and affectionate designation (vv. 28-31). Jesus told them not to weep for Him but for their great city, which would be destroyed. Barren women who had no children would be fortunate in the sense that they would not have to see their children suffer and die in the awful destruction coming (v. 29). An indication of this was seen in what they were doing to Him. Luke's concern for the future of Jerusalem was clearly evident here.)

Vs. 34- Jesus is hung between two criminals. What does Jesus say?

What did they do with His clothes? (Prophesied in Psalm 22:18)

Vs. 35-37- Onlookers were scoffing and mocking. What comments were they making?

Vs. 39-43- What does the criminal on the cross next to Jesus ask of Him?

What was Jesus' reply?

[What can we learn from the thief on the cross? | GotQuestions.org](#)

(Bible Notes: Third, Luke alone mentions that one of the criminals crucified with Christ repented and actually acknowledged Jesus as God. He knew that Jesus was innocent, and he also had heard about the kingdom Jesus was about to enter (vv. 41-43).

Vs. 44-49- What was occurring in His last hours?

[What was the significance of the temple veil being torn in two when Jesus died? | GotQuestions.org](#)

Who is the first one mentioned who was convinced He was righteous?

Vs. 50-56- Jesus' burial: Who buried Him and what was his position?

Who had been with Jesus through this entire ordeal?

Chapter 24: [Can the various resurrection accounts from the four Gospels be harmonized? | GotQuestions.org](#)

Vs. 1-12- The women discover the empty tomb. Why were they going to the tomb?

What did the angels help them recall?

How did the 11 disciples react to the news?

Vs. 13-35- The walk to Emmaus- (modern day Kubeibeh located about 7 miles northwest from Jerusalem.)

As the two men walked, Jesus comes and joins them. Why didn't they recognize Him initially?

These men were not two of the original eleven disciples. What was the name of one of the men?
(vs.18)

The men explain all the events of the past 3 days to Jesus as they walk. How does Jesus reply?

When did they finally recognize Him?

What do they immediately do?

Vs. 36-49- Jesus appears to the Eleven:

How do they react?

How does Jesus show that it is really Him in the flesh?

Again, where does Jesus point them to when He's explaining all these things?

Vs. 46-47- He tells them the whole point. Why did He do all of this?

[Is Jesus in the Old Testament? | GotQuestions.org](#)

What did He promise to send?

Vs. 50-53- A new hope and perspective: The disciples witnessed all these things. What final experience do they have with Jesus in person?

Their mission begins. Luke's account is continued in Acts.

[Gospel of Luke Summary | Watch an Overview Video \(Part 1\) \(bibleproject.com\)](#)

[Gospel of Luke Summary | Watch an Overview Video \(Part 2\) \(bibleproject.com\)](#)

